STATEMENT FROM HIS SON

BE WELL IN A FEW DAYS.

Row Between Texans in Which Bowie Was Seen, but Not Used-Mr. Wu Too Wary for Reporters.

NEW YORK, June 20 .- Thos. C. Platt, of New York, arrived from Philadelphia late this afternoon. As he walked through the corridor of the Fifth-avenue Hotel it was in to be seen that he was suffering physical pain. His step was not elastic and he kept his lips drawn tightly. He did not, however, require the assistance of anyone, nor did he use a cane. When he reached his apartments he immediately surd story, but beyond them no one paid lay down on a couch for a rest of an hour

ceived a reporter soon after his father's arrival. "The senator," said he, "while suffering, is not very ill. The day he left for Philadelphia and before going from his office, he slipped and fractured a rib. He told no one of the accident, and it was after we got to Philadelphia that I first learned of it. He kept up, however, and Philadelphia North American. has not required the services of a phy-

"The strain of the convention yesterday and the heat to-day began to tell on him and added greatly to the pain he suffered. This afternoon I said to him that I was going back to New York, as business called me, and suggested that it would be a good plan for him to come with me. He at once grasped the idea, and accompanied me back here. I am sure he will be about again as usual in a few days."

"Now, as to politics?" Mr. Platt was asked. "All sorts of rumors have been flying about concerning an alleged quarrel between Senator Platt and Senator

"The rumors are entirely wrong," was "Te show the falsity of them it is only necessary to say that Senator Kanna and father rode to the convention together to-day. "And as to the vice presidency?"

"Senator Platt believes, and has said to me this afternoon several times, that he believes Governor Roosevelt will be nominated on the ticket with President Mc Kinley. The senator made up his mind to this when he witnessed the enthusiasm of the men from the Southwestern and Western States. He believes that these men want Roosevelt as Vice President, and that they have strength enough to see that their wishes are carried out."

Senator Platt's physician ordered patient at 9 o'clock to-night to retire for the night. This was after the most careful examination of the senator's injury. The physician found a simple fracture of the ninth rib which was attended by no complications. He found that the senator was simply worn out with the excitement of his Philadelphia trip and the pain he had endured, but that he had no fever and no inflammation except the local inflammation due to the bruise. He ordered that no one be allowed to see the senator, as he must have rest and quiet.

ONE TEXAN HITS ANOTHER.

Fist Fight Follows the Meeting of the Credentials Committee.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 20.-The committee on credentials, after an all-night session, adjourned at 6 a. m., having completed all its business. A lively fist-fight between two Texas delegates occurred at 4:30, just after the committee had lis tened to arguments from contesting delegates in that State.

As the delegates were leaving the com mittee room W. H. Love, a delegate from McKinney, Tex., accused Walter Burns of having made statements in the commitnied that he had made such statements. and Love called him a liar. Burns promptly planted his fist in Love's face with a floor had not some bystanders caught him. Burns, after striking the blow, stood quietly watching Love, who was making desperate efforts to break away from the men who were holding him. Love had a knife partially drawn from his pocket.

"I'm through," said Burns, "unless he starts it again." Love was finally hustled down the stairs according to the evidence given."

and taken away by his friends. Immediately after this row two colored delegates began to make violent threats and warlike demonstrations at each other. This trouble also involved a question of veracity. They were dragged apart with

In the Tennessee contest the Brownlow action, the committee confirming their presidential candidate's name. claim to seats in the convention. The Texas delegation presented

and nine in the first nine districts. The contestants were followers of E. H. R. Green posed the delegation already seated, headed by Congressman R. B. Hawley, of Galveston. The issue was disastrous the Green people, who not only lost all their contests, but had one man supplanted by a Hawley follower in the Fourth district. Two Hawley delegates were given the seats from the Sixth district, no delegates from there previously having been

admitted to the convention. In the Second Virginia district the contests brought by Harry Libbey and Alvah Martin against George E. Bowden and W. S. Holland proved a failure, the claims of the Bowden delegates being confirmed | the famous Rough Rider may derive all by the committee.

The contests in the District of Columbia was terminated by a decision in favor of John E. Jones and W. C. Chase, the present delegates.

The Addicks faction of Delaware, which was officially recognized last night by the committee on credentials, was in great glee to-day. The recognized delegation organized this afternoon and also elected J. Edward Addicks as the national commit teeman from "Blue Hen" State.

MR. WU AND THE REPORTERS. Would-Be Interviewers Worsted by the Chinese Minister.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20 .- An interesting side incident in connection with the convention occurred this morning when the Chinese minister, Wu Ting Fang, made his appearance in the city and announced that he had come to see the convention. He was accompanied by his young son and they pressed their way through the eon. He had a bowl of milk and a plate dense throng gathered in the lobby of of bread. He would break four or five the Hotel Walton in style truly democratic. slices of bread into the milk, devour the at Choega, one day's march from Panama, He encountered a crowd of newspaper men pieces hurriedly with a tablespoon before and negotiations were in progress between in front of the New York headquarters and they grew seggy, talk and laugh a little the governor of Panama and the rebel gen-

to be supplied to the said

"What brought you to Philadelphia at

added, turning interviewer. "That's it," responded the newspaper people; "give us something on the situaion at Peking. "Peking! Peking! Is this Peking?

Some reckless man responded that Governor Roosevelt was on the eve of being nominated for first place. "Oh. you are bluffing me." replied the minister, and retired, while the crowd laughed at the expense of the reporter who had been worsted in his attempt at reartee with the distinguished Chinese

nominated?" returned the Chinese minis-

A PRACTICAL JOKER'S WORK. WHO THINKS THE SENATOR WILL Started a Story that Roosevelt Was

to Be Given First Place.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, June 20.-The national capital takes but a languid interest in the doings of the Philadelphia convention. The advance knowledge of its action regarding These he ordered by the box, which was the head of the ticket accounts for this. The general feeling is that the convention liking that every time he helped himself is being strung out to give Philadelphia a chance to recoup itself for the expense of and securing and providing for the assembly. Two incidents have attracted more than passing notice. One was when dispatches were received here yesterday, sent by some practical joker to hoax the politicians, that bets were being freely made in Philadelphia and New York that Governor Roose velt would be nominated for President over President McKinley. A handful of excitable enthusiasts hastened to believe the abany attention to it. The other was the report that two brokers had laid a heavy Harry B. Platt, son of the senator, re- the election next November. This latter was set down as a scheme on the part of astute brokers to get a little free advertising. Nothing was said as to the amount | their own domain. of money wagered, whether it was in tens, hundreds or thousands, but the common impression is that if there was a bet at all it was only \$7 to \$5.

Kercheval's Welcome.

Samuel E. Kercheval, veteran doorkeeper of Republican conventions, arrived in the

city yesterday. When Mr. Kercheval strolled leisurely into Sergeant-at-arms Wiswell's headquarters on Sixth street, that genial official was surrounded by an urgent group of reporters. The sad expression on his face vanished in an instant. He leaped to his feet, ushed around his desk, grasped his old lieutenant's hand, and exclaimed

"Kercheval, old boy, I'm tickled to death -how are you? Welcome-welcome-wel-

Before the dust-stained traveler could answer these greetings, the sergeant-at-arms turned to the staring group and said, without a bit of his former languor in his tone; Boys, this is Sam Kercheval-the best fellow that ever lived. He's from Indianapolis. He's been with me for sixteen years. We've worked together all that time for the G. O. P. He's a jewel-Sam Kercheval is. Sam, I m glad you're here.' And "Sam" seemed glad, too. His fine

face fairly beamed, and he greeted the newspaper men with all the cordiality maginable. All liked him from the moment he turned that broad, bland smile of his their way Samuel E. Kercheval attended the Redican convention in Chicago in 1880 as delegate from Indiana, and he has not

missed a convention since. He was a

Blaine man that year and cast thirty-six ballots for the Plumed Knight; then voted for Garfield. What he doesn't know about the ins and uts of convention politics isn't worth knowing. He can tell, when a man is a block away, whether he is a delegate, a visitor or a loafer-whether he should be admitted to the hall or excluded. And when has concluded the little lecture which he delivers to his assistants every four years, they are almost qualified to do the same. He delivered one of the lectures late

Doubts the Delegates.

Mr. J. R. Braddock, formerly of Leadville, Col., latterly of West Virginia, and at present from Pennsylvania, sauntered into the lobby late in the afternoon.

"If I believed half the things some these delegates have told me," he said "I'd be in a most befuddled and thoroughly unsatisfactory state. But by believing the precise opposite of what I've been told, I arrive at a very satisfactory and simplified

"Their tales remind me." he went on, very forcibly of a story I heard once in central Pennsylvania. A man, well known to the country as a notorious liar, was arrested for the theft of a watch. His lawyer, seeing the case could only go one way, advised his client to plead guilty. And so the culprit arose when the charge was read and turning to the jury box wherein sat twelve men who knew him well, said: Gentlemen, I'm guilty; I stole the watch. "And so the judge told the jury that they wouldn't have to leave the box to give a verdict. But, after a little whispering on the part of the jury they asked the permission of the judge to leave the room for a few minutes. The judge agreed, the jury brought in a verdict of 'not guilty. "The judge was furious, told the jury

that the man had admitted the thert, and had candidly said that he was guilty-and violence that would have laid Love on the that a verdict of 'not guilty' under such circumstances was a most flagrant abuse

of the jury as he rose to his feet-'Judge, and that the settlement had been reduced you don't know this man as well as we do. says he's guilty, why we don't believe him the position assumed by my party during and think that a mistake's been made. the last election was that this matter hav-And so we find as our verdict "not guilty,"

How to Pronounce It.

Philadelphia North American. With Roosevelt on the ticket as McKin lev's running mate it may become necessary for the national Republican committee to send out printed instructions as to people won a clean victory over the Evans | the proper way of pronouncing the vice

"The stampede to Rosevelt seems to b genuine," remarked a much behadged dele contests-two among the delegates at large gate in the Walton corridor yesterday afternoon. "I'm for him if he'll say the

"So'm I." responded the delegate in the Prince Albert coat, "but you've got his name wrong. It's Ruzyvelt. "Guess again," chimed in a bystander who was not a delegate, or if he was he bad left his badges at home. "Teddy Roosvelt's the man you mean. He's all right,

The Inquirer man left before a fourth ronunciation appeared on the scene, but it's pins to elephants that he wouldn't have | are: had to wait long for its coming. Mispronunciations are seldom causes of defeat. however, a fact from which supporters of

the consolation they need. Her Money's Worth.

Fhiladelphia Press. "Do you know," said another delegate "that this whole blooming affair could be finished in one day, and we could all go home to our respective States and Territories? But we want to give Philadelphia her money's worth, and we know that she's given \$100,000 and expects value received. And so to-morrow we'll appoint committees on this, that and the other thing, and possibly present a platform-on Wednesday, we'll nominate a Presi-dent-on Thursday a Vice President. And so we'll stretch the thing through three days, instead of finishing it in one, and your town can feel that its \$100,000 didn't

When Hanna Atc.

Philadelphia Record.

go for one day's pleasure!"

Mark Hanna was eating a white lunch-

bread. The bowl, enormous, nearly hid this time?" the correspondents inquired | Hanna's face, which would dart out, now on this side of it, now on that, as he ad-"I came to see you," was the ready, if | dressed some words to his companion. At evasive response. "What's the news?" he the door of the dining room a crowd looked on, a man and a little boy in front. "There he is, Will," said the man. "Don't That's him. Will!" The man laughed nervously, and the boy in his shrill treble thought this was Philadelphia. We want cried: "I see him, pa! Now he's breaking the situation here. What's on? Who'll be bread in his soup." Behind these two murmurs rose. "Hanna"-"a big bowl!"-"Bread"-"Soup"-could be heard. And monotonously, as a clock ticks, the tall, thin young policeman at the door repeated: "Keep this doorway clear. Keep this doorway clear." All pretended not to hear.

Probably a Slander.

Philadelphia Times.

In a prominent cafe yesterday afternoon sat a local lawyer of note, and half a dozen politicians of more than ordinary distinction. Among them was one of the vice presidential possibilities. The lawyer was entertaining with the lavish hand that indicates a near acquaintance with ten-thousand-dollar retainers, and he found that 35-cent cigars were the only kind that (on this occasion) were fit to smoke. set upon the table, and the vice presidential possibility found them so much to his to one he accompanied it by a handful that were deposited in an inner pocket, waistcoat looked as though it enveloped the bosom of a pouter pigeon. Since so many have succumbed to my-lady nicotine, who can tell what magical charms those cigars may work!

A Woman Delegate.

Philadelphia Record. Mrs. William Henry Jones, the woman alternate from Utah, is a slender, ladylike little woman, who believes thoroughly in the wearing of modish gowns and is dewager at the odds of 7 to 5 on the result of lightfully feminine both in appearance and manner, despite her entrance into what men have generally considered exclusively

"I have been in politics ever since Utah became a State," she said, yesterday afternoon, "or, rather, since it first became apparent that we were likely to be made a State with a suffrage provision in our Constitution. The fall before our admission to the Union our club gave a parade, in which I acted as field marshal. That was the beginning of our public recognition "I believe women are more loyal in their convictions than men, because our politics not allow ourselves to be bribed.'

The Real Thing.

Philadelphia Record. The real thing in the way of an aris tocratic Philadelphia club man sauntered through the hotel corridors in the morn ing and laughed heartily at the ridiculous delegates. They in turn damned the fellow's clothes. He wore a double-breasted coat of blue serge and a blood-red puff tie of China silk that was pinned with a gold oar. His very wide blue trousers were turned up, an inch or two of ankle cased and his calfskin shoes had a kind of lacework in tooled leather running up and down and across. He talked to another man about Deven. "So many people out there this summer whom one doesn't know," he said.

Innocent Query.

New York Tribune.

Lieutenant Governor Woodruff has a party here with him at the Bellevue. Mrs. old boy in the party. They were discussing the advisability of Roosevelt accepting the nomination for Vice President, and some one said he ought to take it because there was always a chance he might succeed to the presidency in case of the death of President McKinley. "Why," said the little fellow in a wondering voice, "if Mr. McKinley died wouldn't Mr. Hanna still be Presi-

Republicans from Arkansas. Philadelphia Record

Colonel McClure, delegate from Arkansas, got in this morning. The colonel wears a fawn-colored frock coat, a broad-rimmed white hat, and the most extensive lot of to town. "Hirsutely," said the colonel, 'I'm fixed to be a Populist, but I am a Republican. To be sure, it is little like being alone on a dark night to be a Republican in Arkansas, but they tell me I get my way with it in pretty good shape.

CATHOLIC SCHOOL TROUBLE.

It Is Again Vexing the People of Man-

WINNIPEG. Man., June 20.-Premier Mc Donald has just written an article to the members of the Catholic schools commit tee, who waited on him to lay before him their views regarding the present position of the school question and to ask him to bring in legislation for relief of the Catholics in the matter of education. He says: "I have given careful thought and attention to the question and I am sorry to say that I fear it will be imposible to meet the wishes of the delegation which informed, both by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, premier of the Dominion of Canada, and of justice: 'Why,' he thundered, 'did you | the Hon. Thomas Greenway, who at the bring in such a verdict?"

"'Judge, meekly answered the foreman itoba, that this vexed question was settled time was premier of the province of Manto writing and made law in the amend-ment to the school act, which was passed He's the biggest liar in our county, and we ment to the school act, which was passed won't believe him under outh. And if he in 1897. Such being the state of the case, ing been settled should not be disturbed, and having taken this position it is difficult for me to see how we can properly move in the direction you desire.' On receipt of this letter a meeting of the committee was held, and it was decided to at once lay the matter before the Dominion authorities, and a memorial has been sent to Laurier. Catholics say the burden is becoming insupportable, and they must have relief.

SEVEN PERSONS INJURED.

Well-Filled Farmer's Wagon Struck by a Trolley Car.

CHICAGO, June 20 .- A trolley car running at a high speed to-night struck a farmer's wagon carrying fourteen persons, at Ashland and Wabash avenues. Seven of the occupants of the wagon were injured. Two of them probably will die. The injured

FRANK DEERING, injured internally; FRANCIS MASACH, injured internally;

MARY GRALACH, back hurt. JOSEPHINE MICHAEL, back burt. TILLIE URCZYK, body bruised. LENA ZENDRAICK, body bruised. MICHAEL PYSIBALA, hit by part of the

wagon; legs injured. Others in the wagon were badly shaken up, but were able to go home unassisted. Witnesses of the accident asserted that the motorman was unable to stop in the short distance after he sighted the wagon, and the collision was unavoidable. No arrests were made.

PANAMA WILL SURRENDER.

Rebels a Day's March Away and Negotiating with the Governor.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, June 20.-The British steamer William Cliff, from Colon, arrived here to-day on her way to Liverpool. and reports that when she left Colon, June 18. Panama was still in possession of the government, but the rebels were encamped was immediately besieged. The interview with Senator Payne, who was also eating to the latter. It was believed Panama would be surrendered. eral. Porras, for the delivery of the city

you see him, breaking bread in his soup? | HE STRONGLY URGES A NEW BASIS OF REPRESENTATION.

> Offers a Resolution in the National Republican Convention and Presents Statement.

WILL BE ACTED ON TO-DAY

TO BE PRESENTED TO THE CONVEN-TION IN MODIFIED FORM.

Many Caucuses on the Question and Strong Opposition from Southern Delegates.

PHILADELPHIA, June 20.-The resolution to-day introduced by ex-Senator Quay in the convention, relating to the rearrangement of the basis of representation in future national conventions, has created a sensation, particularly among the delegations from the Southern States. To-night, the interest manifested in the proposition is scarcely second to that aroused by the contest for the vice presidency.

Four years ago Henry C. Payne, national committeeman from Wisconsin, proposed to the convention an amendment to the rules providing that hereafter delegates to the national conventions should be selected on the basis of one delegate for every ten thousand Republican votes cast at the previous presidential election. The proposition was widely discussed at the time, but, after mature consideration, the national committee decided to take no action upon it. At various times since the campaign of 1896 the question of changing the basis of about \$37,000. The same sum goes to the of the Buencamino party. mally, the principal argument by the advocates of a change being that, under the present rules the Southern States, upon which no reliance can be placed for Republican electoral votes, proportionately have greater power in the selection of national candidates of the party than those States which are looked to always to elect a Republican President. Last December, when the national committee met in Washington to select the time and place of holding the present convention, Mr. Payne again brought forward his preposition and earnestly advocated its adoption. The committee, however, decided that it had no autherity to take any action upon the question. It was held that, before the committee could properly pass upon the question a national convention of the party would

have to instruct it to do se. Mr. Payne drepped the matter at the time, so far as he personally was concerned, but during the past ten days the fire which has been smoldering, fanned into a flame, partly by reason of the earnestness of the Rhede Island delegation to this convention. Until to-day, however, it was not known in just what form or from what source the proposition would be brought to the attention of the convention After General Bingham, of Pennsylvania had presented the report of the committee on rules to the convention former Senator Quay arose and offered the following resolution as an amendment to the commit-

"That hereafter each State shall be entitled to four delegates at large and one additional delegate for each ten thousand votes or a majority fraction thereof cast at the last preceding presidential election for presidential electors, and six delegates from each organized Territory and District of Columbia, and that the methods for the election of such delegates shall be provided for by the national committee.

The reading of the resolution was received with applause, particularly from the New England. New York and Pennsylvania delegations. Among the delegates from the Southern States there was manifest uneasiness and it was evident instantly that if an effort were made to adopt the resolution at once a lively scene would be precipitated in the convention. Audible objections were raised to prevent consideration of the resolution and, at the suggestion of Mr. Quay, promptly seconded by General Bingham, it went over until to-morrow. Chairman Lodge announced in response to inquiry, that it would be brought before the convention immediately after it as-

sembled to-morrow. QUAY'S STATEMENT. In connection with the resolution Colonel Quay sent to the clerk's desk the followgates according to the present basis, as compared with the basis of one delegate for each 10,000 votes or majority fraction thereof, cast for President McKinley in 1896; also compared with the number of delegates based upon equal representation, as stated, to which are added four delegates at large from each State:

Alabama 22 Arkansas Colorado Connecticut 12 Delaware Florida Georgia 2 Kansas 20 Kentucky 26 Louisiana Maryland Michigan Mississippi Montana Nevada New Hampshire New York North Carolina 22 North Dakota Oregon Pennsylvania Rhode Island South Carolina 18 South Dakota Vermont Virginia 24 West Virginia Wisconsin 24 Wyoming

> WILL BE AMENDED. To-night General Bingham said the committee on rules would bring the resolution

> before the convention to-morrow in an

amended form. It will provide for a reference of the question of changing the basis of representation to the national committee, with instructions to take action upon it in accordance with the spirit of the resolution presented by Mr. Quay. As it is the pending question before the convention, its discussion will begin as soon as the convention convenes. General Bingham will have control of the resolution on the floor. He said he would

convention, would be limited to twenty | DADDO minutes on each side. To-night the resolution is the principal topic of discussion among the delegates.

Those from the Southern States are working like beavers to stem the tide which seems to be running toward the adoption of South. They are presenting their case to every Northern delegation.

Many of the delegations held informal caucuses to-night, in which the resolution was discussed, with a view to action tomorrow. As a rule, however, no definite decision was reached. Many individual delegates from Northern States openly declare their intention of supporting the resolution, either in its present or in its proposed amended form. The proposition has strong backing in the New England States, in New York and Pennsylvania and in the Northwestern States. So strong has the feeling become among the South ern delegates that many of them are pre pared to trade their votes for the vice presidency for votes against the resolu-tion. Indeed, this offer has been openly made in a number of instances. In an explanation of the reasons which

actuated Mr. Quay in presenting the resolution Senator Penrose, of Pennsylvania, said to-night, after expressing his belief that the proposition would be adopted: "Colonel Quay offered the amendment because he knows the proposition is popular in the Northern States. The great States of New York and Pennsylvania, with 15,000,000 population, are subordinated in influece to Southern States that do not deliver an electoral vote, and we propose to equalize matters. We believe it is fair, and we will insist on the adoption of the

FOR EDUCATION

HARVARD, WILLIAMS AND SPRING-FIELD LIBRARY RECEIVE GIFTS.

Brown Raises More Than a Million of Endowment-Several Large Bequests to Mount Holyoke.

NORWICH, Conn., June 20 .- By the death of David Dwight Wells, son of the late Davis A. Wells, the well-known political economist, Harvard University is richer by Springfield City Library, Springfield, Mass. and to Williams College, Williamstown, Mass. The bequests come from the elder Wells, whose estate was so left at his death that if his son should die without issue one-third of the estate should go to the son's widow, and two-thirds, after the payment of certain bequests, should be equally divided between Harvard, Williams and Springfield. The estate is inven-

More Riches for Holyoke.

SOUTH HADLEY, Mass., June 20.-The interest of the day and week at Mount Holyoke College centered in the announce ment by the board of trustees of contributions to the endowment fund from individuals and alumni. Dr. K. Pearsons, of Chicago, sent a check for \$50,000, \$25,000 of which was in accordance with his promise for the endowment, and \$25,000 a gift in consideration of Mrs. Mead's service. John Dwight sent a check for \$60,000, to be used for a memorial art building. A gift of \$25,-000 to endow a chair of philosophy, to be a memorial to the wife of Dr. H. C. Haughton, was made by scholars.

Brown Has Over a Million. PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 20.-Announce ment was made to-night that pledges for the endowment for Brown University has been received amounting to \$1,069,106. Mars den J. Perry came forward at the last minute with a present of \$25,000, and Frank A. Sayles gave \$50,000. Just a year ago the offer came from John D. Rockefeller to give the college \$250,000 in cash if \$250,000 was raised within a year.

Iowa College Endowment.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., June 20 .- Attorney Edgar C. Brackett, a member of the State Senate of New York, to-day made a gift of \$30,000 to Cornell College, Mount Vernon It is understood that a chair has been endowed, but the character of the new department has not been given out. Mr. Brackett is a graduate of the Cornell class

OBITUARY.

E. D. Grafton, a Water Color Artist of National Reputation.

CINCINNATI, June 20 .-- E. D. Grafton, water color artist of national reputation, dled at his home here to-night. He was eighty-eight years old, unmarried and had practiced his art in Cincinnati over fifty years. His line was illuminated portraits, decorated letters and a great variety of brilliant designs. Societies frequently called on him for original designs.

Samuel P. Molenaer, Ph. D. PHILADELPHIA, June 20 .- Samuel P.

language at the University of Pennsylvania, is dead after an illness of three months. His death was due to heart dis-

Dr. Molenaer was born in St. Petersburg forty-five years ago. He came to this country about ten years ago. He was French instructor at Columbia University. New York, from which he received the degree of Ph. D., and at Wittenburg College, Springfield, O. He came to the University of Pennsylvania two years ago.

Dr. H. S. Lucas.

SPRINGFIELD. Mass., June 20 .- Dr. H S. Lucas, fermerly of Chester, the discov erer of emery deposits in that town, died at Franklin, N. C., to-day. He was born in Blandford in 1847. He was a scientist of considerable note and the first to produce epsom salts.

Henry Brougham Loch. LONDON, June 20 .- Baron Loch (Henry Brougham Loch), formerly Governor of Cape Colony and British high commis-

Lord Monson. PARIS, June 20 .- Lord Monson, brother of Sir Edmund Monson, is dead.

INDIANA CATTLE BARRED

Enough to Issue an Order.

shutting out the cattle from a number of

States, in which he says tuberculosis ex-

sioner for South Africa, is dead.

Gov. Stephens Ignores the Strike Long

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 20.-Governor Stephens has issued a proclamation

ists. The States against which the quarantine is directed are: Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, California, Kentucky and Tennessee and

Wheat Seriously Damaged.

the Dominion of Canada.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 30 .- In the current issue the Northwestern Miller says: 'Serious and irreparable damage has been done the wheat, but just how serious is a question upon which interested men differ. The most conservative view, based on conditions as they are to-day, does not give hope of a crop exceeding 60 per cent. of that raised in Minnesota and the Dakotas last year. The greatest damage has been done since June 1, and North Dakota and northern Minnesota have been the heaviest offer an opportunity for debate upon the proposition, but that unless reasonable time for discussion could be agreed on he would move the previous question. Upon this the debate, under the rules of the

PRESIDENT'S ORDER TO-DAY.

It Is Expected to Bring Aguinaldo to Manila and Restore Peace to the Islands.

SHORT AND FORCEFUL PAPER

BANDITS ARE THE ONLY ONES EX-EMPT FROM ITS PRIVILEGES.

Latest Casualty List from Manila Carries Quite a Number of Names of Killed and Wounded.

will to-morrow formally announce Presi- pastoral call on Mrs. Ware at the residence dent McKinley's order of amnesty. Buencamino, Paterno and other prominent Fili- and fired at the minister without warning pino leaders are greatly pleased, as they Dr. Piner threw him to the floor and disbelieve that under the amnesty they can armed him. Ware was arrested and rebring about the surrender of Aguinaldo, who they declare is ready and willing to | Ware has long disliked the minister, and consider the peace platform adopted by the | that an unwarranted jealousy was at the Filipino leaders with a few insignificant exceptions. Several meetings of the leaders were

held quietly in Manila last week. They are encouraged by the progress they are making with the natives and the authorities | instantly killed. here. To-morrow an important meeting will be held, at which the amnesty decree will be read. It is the consensus of opinion of the foreigners, the better class of the Flipinos and the Spaniards that Aguinaldo will be in Manila shortly as the result of the decree and of the negotiations Now that the rains have fairly begu

life in the country districts is a great and prolonged hardship. Preparations are being made at Cavite to move a majority of the marines to

China in the event that developments there SHORT AND SIMPLE PAPER.

But It Is Expected to Do Much in Pro-

moting Peace. WASHINGTON, June 20 .- Secretary Root said, to-night, that the text of the amnesty proclamation will be published to-morrow in Manila and Washington simultaneously. It will be issued by General MacArthur, and is done by direction of the President The proclamation gives a free pardon to all Filipinos who have participated in the rebellion against the United States, the only condition being that they take the oath of allegiance and acknowledge the sovereignty of the United States government. It excludes no one, except those who have violated the laws of war. The proclamation the secretary said, will speak for itself, and will go into effect immediately. The time considering the facilities for communication in the islands, for acceptance of the

amnesty proclamation by those still in re-

bellion, is limited, being only thirty or six-

The proclamation is very brief and is plain and simple, its terms not comprising more than can be put on a single sheet of typewriting. The issuance of the amnesty proclamation will mark a distinct advance in the progress of the arms of the United States in the restoration of order in the Philippines. The situation has been steadily improving in those islands for some time past, and it is thought that the time is opportune for pardon to all those Filipinos who have borne arms against the authority of the United States, and have not used their hestility as a mere cloak for the commission of robbery, murder and other crimes. It is confidently believed that the result of the proclamation will be quite a general submission by those Filipino leaders who have not yet given their adhesion to the control of the islands by the United

The promulgation of the proclamation of imnesty has been under consideration for some months, and the decision to issue it at this time was reached only after advices from a number of sources that the time was ripe, and that assurances had been received that it would meet with worthy response from those to whom it was adaressed. It has been made known to the administration that the influential classes among the Filipines were anxious for an end of hestilities, and for resumption of commerce free from the predatory harassments of small bands of armed men. The vigor of the pursuit of these bearing arms, it was likewise reported, had disheartened the Filipino soldiers still holding out, and der their arms on assurances of their personal safety. In addition, a better un standing of the purposes of the United States toward them is now understood to prevail among the Filipinos; that their lostility to American control has abated in a great degree.

With the general acceptance of amnesty that is expected our troops will not be kept in such ceaseless activity, and the pacification of the islands will go for-

ward more quietly and more rapidly KILLED AND WOUNDED.

Names on the Roll of Honor Cabled by General MacArthur.

WASHINGTON, June 20 .- General Mac-

Arthur's latest casualty list is as follows: May 18, Labao, Luzon, Company B. For-ty-fifth Infantry, Corporal Norvin Johnson; First Sergeant Clarence E. Miller. June

14. Calliose, Luzon, Troop G. Fortieth Cav-alry, First Sergeant Maurice O'Brien. May 26, Candaba, Luzon, Company M, Twenty-second Infantry, Arrington D. -Wounded .-

June 14, Calliose, Luzon, Company Thirty-fourth Infantry, Hugh M. Duff. in the hip, slightly. June 4. Norzagaray, Luzon, Company D. Thirty-fifth Infantry. First Sergeant Grover Flint, in the arm and forearm, serious; Corporal Charles J. McGibb, in the chest, serious; Harry Carter, in the neck, slightly; Henry Gamble, in the thigh, serious; Company C. Thirtyfifth Infantry, Henry Noris, in the chest, serious. June 4, Lemerey, Luzon, Com-pany A, Twenty-eighth Infantry, Frank Smith, in the hip, seriously. June 3, Maluna, Luzon, Company H. Sixteenth Infantry, John Allen, in the foot, serious; Millet L. Whitney, in the arm, slight May 21, Libmanan, Luzon, Company L. Forty-fifth Infantry, Elton A. Taylor, in the head, serious, and in neck, serious, June 11, Santa Cruz, Laguna, Troop L. Eleventh Cavalry, Sergeant Patrick Burke, in the back, slightly; Company B, Thirtyseventh Infantry, James Geere, in the leg above the knee, serious; Company E. Thirty-third Infantry, Corporal Walter Trahern, in the thigh, serious. June 1, Sibul. Luzon, Company C, Thirty-fifth Infantry, Lewis W. Jones, in the chest, serious. June 2. Balanga, Luzon, Company L. Twelfth Infantry, Robert S. Pedigo, in the eg above the knee, moderate. June 11. Buhi, South Camarines, Forty-fifth Infantry, First Lleutenant Temple H. Owens, accidentally shot himself through the leg.

Flintshire Reaches Manila.

WASHINGTON, June 20 .- Adjutant General Corbin has received a cable message from General MacArthur saying that the transport Flintshire arrived at Manila to-

Cuban Hours of Work.

esting in hot weather. He says we have dopted the English division of the working hours of the day simply because it is English and agrees with their climate; but that if we only knew what was good for us we would make our working hours suit our cilmates-for we have half a dozen of the resolution. They declare that its adop-tion means death to Republicanism in the He says, for example, that at 2 o'clock in a summer afterneon Wall street is yelling over stocks and fighting for a little air just when it ought to be asleep. People working in such weather are expending their best energies under the most unfavorable conditions. All this is very pleasing, but it is not likely to be the first lesson we shall learn from our new possessions. The spectacle of Havana enjoying a siesta between 11 a. m. and 3 p. m. is suggestively reposeful, but will not be seen in an American city for some time. Even in New Orleans business men are as incorrigibly fixed in this English working-hour habit as they are in Boston. The only people and the only places in this country that had the siesta as an institution were the Southern planters and their verandas before the war.

OBJECTED TO THE PASTOR.

Kentucky Husband Shot a Minister Who Visited His Wife.

HOPKINSVILLE, Ky., June 20 .- Ex-Councilman J. W. Ware shot the Rev. Dr. W. F. Piner, pastor of the Methodist MANILA. June 20.-General MacArthur Church, while the latter was making a of the former. Ware entered the parlor leased on \$1,000 bond. It is stated that bottom of the shooting. Neither party concerned will make any statement previous to the examining trial, which is set for next Friday. Dr. Piner's scalp wound is very painful, but not serious. Had the ball passed the fraction of an inch lower the pastor would have been

GARRISON AT KUMASSI IS HOLDING OUT IN FINE SHAPE.

West Indian Enlistments for African Service-Washington Statue Reaches Paris-Irish Nationalists.

CAPE COAST CASTLE, June 18 .- The garrison at Kumassi is still on half rations. Sir Frederick Hodgson, Governor of the

besieged at Kumassi, are well. The Ashanti ammunition is giving out. Three hundred natives were killed in the fight between the rebels and the West African frontiersmen, under Captain Wilson,

Gold Coast Colony, and his wife, who are

Enlistments in the West Indies. ST. THOMAS, Danish West Indies, June 0.-The governments of Demarara and the island of Trinidad have asked the secretary of state for the colonies. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, whether volunteers for the Ashanti campaign would be acceptable and he replied that if a large expedition was necessary a West Indian contingent would be highly appreciated and possibly would be accepted. Fifty-two volunteers were enrolled Tuesday at the island of St.

Citts for service in Ashanti. IRISH ATKINSONS.

Nationalist Convention Extends Sympathy to the Boer Government.

DUBLIN, June 20 .- The Nationalist conention, which opened here yesterday under the presidency of John Redmond, chairman of the United Irish Parliamentary party, concluded its sessions to-day. The convention adopted a constitution for the United Irish League, the provisions including the abolition of the right of the crown to challenge jurers in political cases, except for cause, the repeal of the treasonfelony and arms act, educational equality for Catholics, compulsory extension of the laws providing agricultural laborers with

cottages and acre allotments, and similar William Redmond proposed a resolution ondemning the war in South Africa and expressing the hope that the two republics would retain their independence. This

was adopted.

STATUE OF WASHINGTON. America's Gift to Paris Has Arrived

at the French Capital. PARIS. June 20 .- The statue of Washington presented to the city of Paris by the Daughters of the American Revolution arrived in Paris to-day. The immense size of the two cases in which the horse and rider were transported, separately, prevented them from being carried by railroad,

on a lighter up the Seine. On their arrival there the cases were placed on a wagon decorated with French and American flags and taken direct to the intersection of the Avenue D'Jena and the Avenue Du Trocadro, the site selected by the City Council of Paris for the statue The pedestal had already been prepared, and the horse was immediately hoisted upon it. The installation will be completed

in ample time for the unveiling July 3. Return of the Volunteers.

Washington Special. It has been decided by the War Department that the movement for the return of the 34,000 volunteer troops now in the Philippines will begin in December. This date, which seems early, is necessitated by the fact that under the provisions of the army reorganization bill passed by the last Congress, all these troops must be returned to their recruiting places by June 30, 1901, and it will require six months at least to

bring them home. There are now in the Philippines in addition to these 34,000 men, about 31,000 regulars. The remainder of the 100,000 troops now composing the army, including 1,000 volunteers now in Porto Rico, are in the United States, Cuba, Hawaii and Porto Rico. Of the 31,000 regulars in the Philippines, 21,000 also must return by July 1901, leaving but 10,000 troops of any kind there after that date. Most of the 17,500 regulars who will fill out the complement of the army of 27,500 men after July 1, 1901, will probably be sent to the Philippines, but even with, say, 10,000 of these regulars sent there, the total force in the Philippines in one year will be but 20,000 men. The situation emphasizes what Chairman Hull, of the House committee on military affairs, said last Saturday, that we must have a new army bill and at least as large an army as we have now, if we expect to hold the Philippines, even if we have no ur-gent need of additional troops in any of our other insular possessions, and if the Indians remain peaceful. The War Department, of course, expects that a new army bill will be passed, and that 20,000 men, with only about 17,000 available for service, will not be left to fight for supremacy with

the Filipinos. Kansas Marshal Electrocuted.

GALENA, Kan., June 20.-City Marshal Milford Parker was instantly killed late last night. A telephone wire had fallen across the sidewalk, and he picked it up to wrap it around a post. He walked a distance of about thirty feet with it in his hands, when he suddenly pitched forward, dead. In pulling the wire to tle it up I touched a live wire, which connected the current. Within thirty seconds prior to old daughter's hand. She stood almost against him when he received the shock.

Osteopathy Legal in Kentucky.

FRANKFORT, Ky., June 20.-The Court of Appeals to-day by a decision enjoine the State Board of Health from interferin A writer in one of the June magazines has discovered that Cuba and Porto Rico are well calculated to teach us something that we don't know about working and